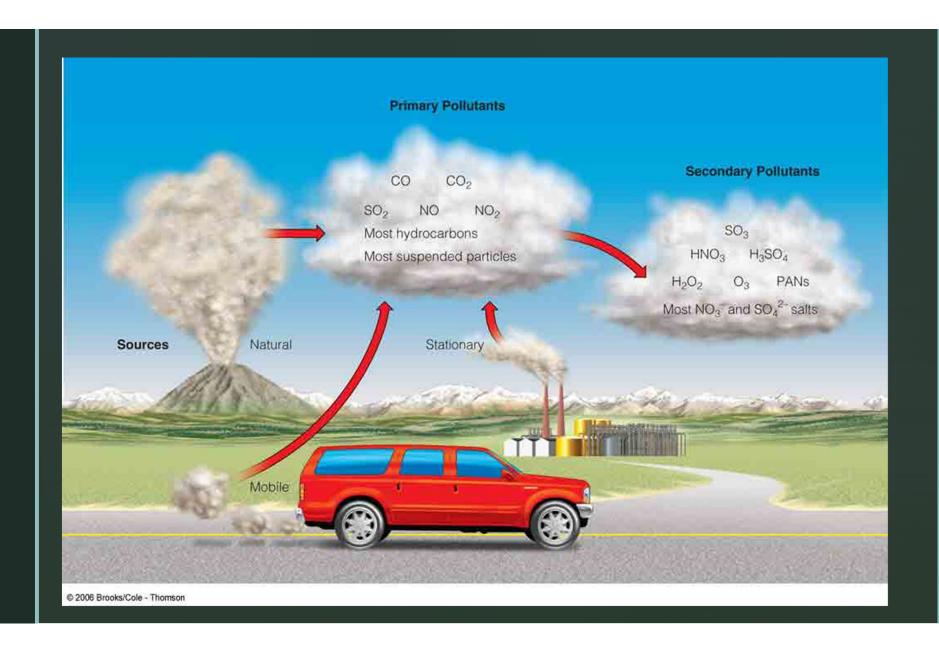
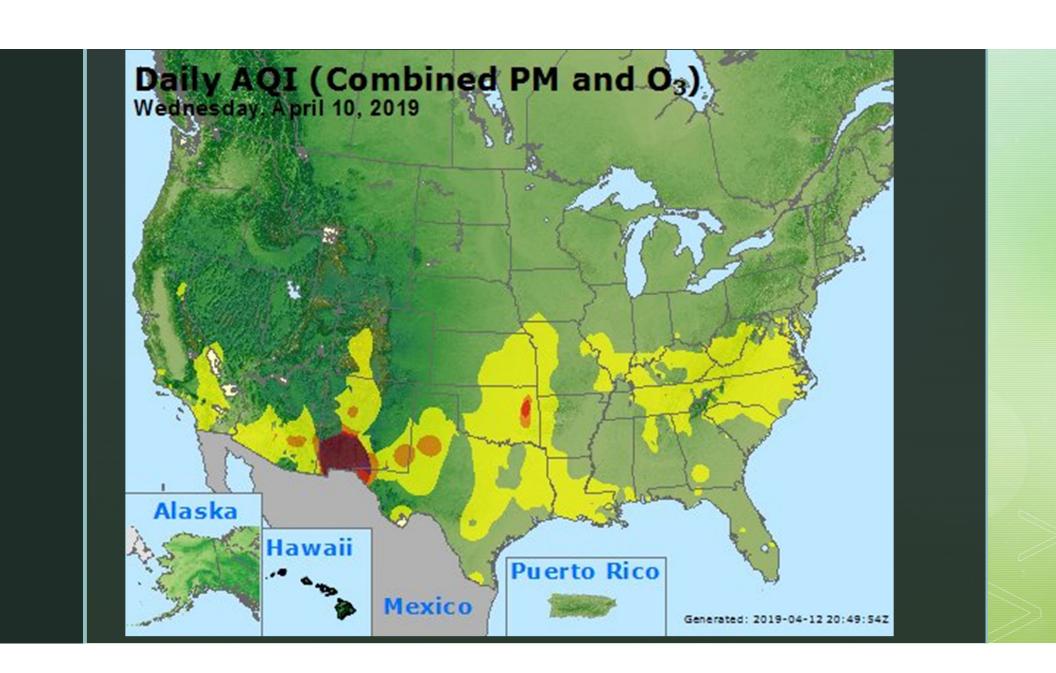
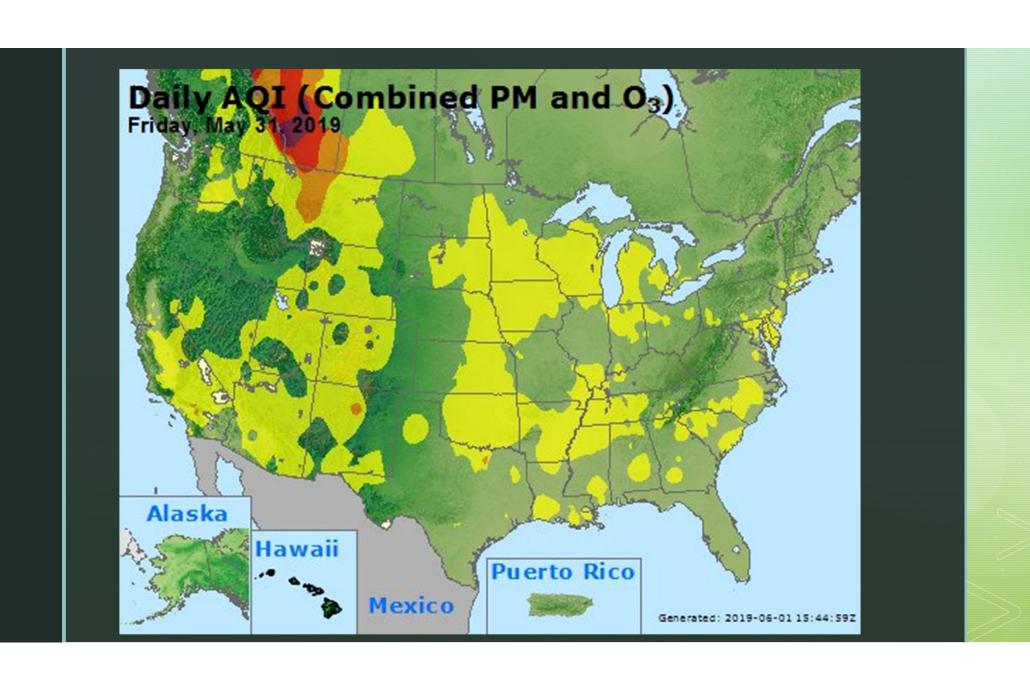
Primary vs. Secondary Pollutants

- A primary pollutant is an air pollutant emitted directly from a source.
- A secondary pollutant is not directly emitted as such, but forms when other pollutants (primary pollutants) react in the atmosphere.







Smoke from controlled burns in Kansas pushing into southeast Nebraska

By Julie Anderson and Jay Withrow World-Herald staff writers Apr 11, 2018 Health department issues air quality advisory Lincoln Journal Star Apr 6, 2019 Daily Combined AQI Sunday, May 27, 2018 Sioux City Scottsbluff **North Platte** Omaha Kansas City Daily Combined AQI Tuesday, April 17, 2018 Sioux City Omaha **North Platte** Kansas City

The AQI is now coded orange, which means the air quality is unhealthy for individuals with higher sensitivity to air pollution.

Air Quality Index (AQI)

| Air Quality Index | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| Levels of Health Concern | Numerical Value | Meaning |
| Good | 0 to 50 | Air quality is considered satisfactory, and air pollution poses little or no risk. |
| Moderate | 51 to 100 | Air quality is acceptable; however, for some pollutants there may be a moderate health concern for a very small number of people who are unusually sensitive to air pollution. |
| Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups | 100 to 151 | Members of sensitive groups may experience health effects. The general public is not likely to be affected. |
| Unhealthy | 151 to 200 | Everyone may begin to experience health effects; members of sensitive groups may experience more serious health effects. |
| Very Unhealthy | 201 to 300 | Health warnings of emergency conditions. The entire population is more likely to be affected. |
| Hazardous | 301 to 500 | Health alert: everyone may experience more serious health effects. |