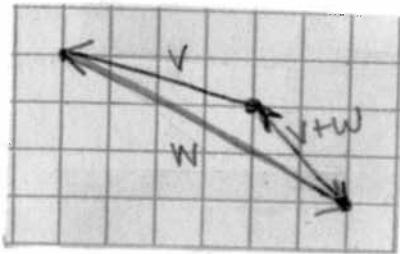


Vectors Review Boardwork

Let $v = -4i + j$ and $w = 6i - 3j$

- ① Graph $v+w$.
- ② Find $2v - 3w$.

①



② $2(-4i + j) - 3(6i - 3j)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -8i + 2j \quad -18i + 9j \\ \hline -26i + 11j \end{array}$$

- ③ Find $\|2w - v\|$

③ $2w - v = 2(6i - 3j) - (-4i + j)$

$$= 12i - 6j + 4i - j$$

$$= 16i - 7j$$

$$\|2w - v\| = \sqrt{16^2 + (-7)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{305}$$

- ④ Find the unit vector in the direction of w

④ $u = \frac{w}{\|w\|}$

$$u = \frac{6i - 3j}{\sqrt{36+9}} = \frac{6i - 3j}{\sqrt{45}} = \frac{6i - 3j}{3\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}i - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}j$$

- ⑤ Decompose vector v into two vectors v_1 and v_2 such that v_1 is parallel to w and v_2 is orthogonal to w

⑤ $v_1 = \frac{v \cdot w}{\|w\|^2} w = \frac{-4(6) + 1(-3)}{\sqrt{(6^2 + (-3)^2)^2}} (6i - 3j)$

$$= \frac{-27}{45} (6i - 3j) = \frac{-3}{5} (6i - 3j)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{-18}{5}i + \frac{9}{5}j}$$

$$v_2 = \boxed{-4i + j - \left(\frac{-18}{5}i + \frac{9}{5}j\right)}$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{2}{5}i - \frac{4}{5}j}$$

- ⑥ Find the angle between v and w .

$$\cos \theta = \frac{v \cdot w}{\|v\| \|w\|} = \frac{-4(6) + 1(-3)}{\sqrt{(-4)^2 + 1^2} \cdot \sqrt{6^2 + (-3)^2}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{-27}{\sqrt{17} \cdot \sqrt{45}} = \frac{-27}{\sqrt{765}}$$

$$\theta = 167.47^\circ$$

Are the vectors parallel, orthogonal or neither?

⑦ $v = 9i + 3j$ $w = -3i - j$

⑧ $v = 4i - 6j$ $w = -3i - 5j$

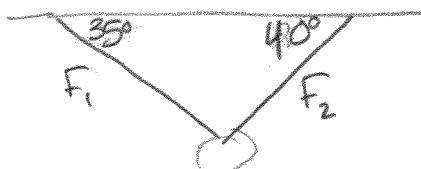
⑨ $v = 6i - 12j$ $w = 8j + 4j$

⑦ Since $v = 3w$, the vectors are parallel

⑧ Since $v \cdot w = 0$, the vectors are orthogonal

⑨ Since $v \neq \alpha w$ and $v \cdot w \neq 0$, the vectors are neither.

- ⑩ A chandelier of 100 lbs hangs from the ceiling suspended by two ropes. What is the tension in each rope?



$$F_1 + F_2 + 100 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \|F_1\|(\cos 145^\circ i + \sin 145^\circ j) + \\ & \|F_2\|(\cos 20^\circ i + \sin 20^\circ j) + \\ & - 100 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{cases} \|F_1\| \cos 145^\circ + \|F_2\| \cos 40^\circ = 0 \\ \|F_1\| \sin 145^\circ + \|F_2\| \sin 40^\circ - 100 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\|F_1\| = \frac{-\|F_2\| \cos 40^\circ}{\cos 145^\circ}$$

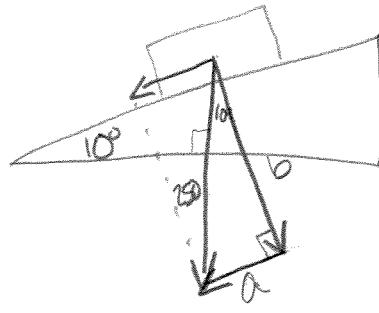
$$-\frac{\|F_2\| \cos 40^\circ \cdot \sin 145^\circ + \|F_2\| \sin 40^\circ}{\cos 145^\circ} = 100$$

$$\|F_2\| \left(\frac{\cos 40^\circ \sin 145^\circ + \sin 40^\circ}{\cos 145^\circ} \right) = 100$$

$$\|F_2\| = 84.8 \text{ lbs}$$

$$\|F_1\| = \frac{-84.8 \cos 40^\circ}{\cos 145^\circ} = 53.21 \text{ lbs}$$

- ⑪ A box of 250 lbs is on an incline with a slope of 10° . What is the force required to keep the box from sliding down? What is the force perpendicular to the incline?



$$\sin 10^\circ = \frac{a}{250}$$

$$a = 250 \sin 10^\circ \approx 43.41 \text{ lbs}$$

to keep box
from sliding down

$$\cos 10^\circ = \frac{b}{250}$$

$$b = 250 \cos 10^\circ \approx 246.201$$

force perpendicular
to incline

- ⑫ You are pulling an object with a force of 60 lbs in the direction 20° to the horizontal. How much work is done in moving the object 5 ft?

$$W = F \cdot \vec{AB}$$

$$W = 60(\cos 20^\circ i + \sin 20^\circ j) \cdot 5$$

$$W = (56.38i + 20.52j) \cdot 5$$

$$W = 281.9 \text{ ft-lbs}$$