Did You Get It? Presentación de gramática

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AVANZA!

Goal: Learn about subject pronouns and how they are used with the verb ser.

Subject Pronouns

Yo soy Rolando. I am Rolando.

Tú eres Andrés. You are Andrés. Él es Esteban.

He is Esteban. Ella es Mercedes. She is Mercedes.

Usted es el señor López. You are Mr. López.

Nosotros somos José y Ana. We are José and Ana. Nosotras somos Eva y Pilar. We are Eva and Pilar.

They are Óscar and Felipe. Ellos son Óscar y Felipe. Ellas son Isabel y Luisa. They are Isabel and Luisa.

Ustedes son Marta y Álvaro. You are Marta and Álvaro.

Vosotros sois Pepe y Arturo. You are Pepe and Arturo. Vosotras sois Julia y Tina. You are Julia and Tina.

plural subject pronouns used only in Spain

plural subject pronouns

singular subject

pronouns

EXPLANATION: Subject pronouns are used as the subject of a sentence. In general, they tell who is being described or who is doing the action. English has seven subject pronouns (the six above plus it). Spanish has twelve! (It is not expressed in Spanish.) In the sentences above, the subject pronouns are used with the verb ser (to be) to tell who people are.

The Verb ser (to be)

Yo soy de Estados Unidos. I am from the United States.

Tú eres de Portugal. You are from Portugal. singular forms of ser

Él/Ella/Usted es de México. He/She/You is (are) from Mexico.

Nosotros somos de Ecuador. We are from Ecuador.

Ellos/Ellas/Ustedes son de Perú. They/You are from Peru.

Vosotros (Vosotras) sois de You are from Spain. España.

plural forms of ser Sois used only in Spain

plural forms of ser

EXPLANATION: The verb ser means to be. The sentences in the first section use ser to tell who people are. The sentences in the second section use ser to say where they are from.

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