Food Safety Is No Accident

	Activity E	Name	
	Chapter 20	DatePeriod	
Choose the	e best response. Write the letter in the sp	pace provided.	
	 A system used to protect the food supply by identifying steps at which food products may be at risk of contamination is A. Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) B. Hazard Identification Critical Contamination Point (HICCP) C. Hazard Protection Contamination Control Point (HPCCP) D. Hazard Risk Control 		
	Contamination Point (HRCCP) 2. Keeping clean everything that comes in contact with food to help prevent disease is called A. additive B. control point C. cross-contamination D. sanitation	 6. People who work with food and have cuts on their hands should A. go to the doctor B. not work with food C. wash in boiling hot water D. wear gloves To reduce the risk of spreading food bacteria while working 	
	3. Personal practices, such as hand washing, that promote safe foods and good health are calledA. hygieneB. managementC. planning	with meats, use tools and cutting boards that A. are dried with cloth towels B. are easy to clean C. have porous surfaces D. are made of wood	
	 D. preparation 4. The transfer of harmful bacteria from one food to another due to unsafe food preparation or storage practices is called A. cross-contamination B. environmental contaminant C. foodborne illness 	 8. Reactions to illness-causing bacteria A. vary from one person to another B. are affected by one's genetic makeup C. are affected by one's state of health D. All the above. 	
	D. food poisoning 5. The "Danger Zone" in which food bacteria are likely to thrive is between A. 20°C-120°C B. 20°F-120°F C. 40°C-140°C D. 40°F-140°F	9. The group of people listed below at lowest risk for foodborne illness is A. adolescents B. alcoholics C. elderly people D. pregnant females	
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10.	The most common symptoms of foodborne illness are	16.	You should file a report of a foodborne illness if the food
	A. vomiting, skin rash, and headacheB. chills, diarrhea, and headacheC. dizziness, vomiting, and fatigueD. vomiting, diarrhea, and stomach cramps		A. came from a public sourceB. was served to a large number of peopleC. was a commercial productD. All the above.
11.	Symptoms of most foodborne illness A. appear within a few hours and last less than one day B. appear within a day or two and last a few days C. appear within a week or two and last a few days D. appear within 30 days and last a few weeks	17.	 Which of the following is the correct sequence for the food supply chain? A. Food consumers, food producers, food processors, and government agencies. B. Food processors, food producers, consumers, and government agencies. C. Food producers, food processors, government
12.	When you are in doubt about the safety of a food,A. take a small bite to see if it has an off tasteB. check to see if it smells spoiledC. bring it to a boil to kill the bacteriaD. None of the above.	18.	agencies, and consumers. D. Farmers, food consumers, food processors, and government agencies. Safe use of pesticides is a responsibility of A. food processors
13.	illness, A. call the doctor immediately B. drink lots of fluids and rest	19.	B. food producersC. consumersD. All the above.The government agency that regulates food advertising is
14.	illness are		A. USDA B. FTC C. EPA D. FDA
	 A. fever, blood in stools, dehydration, and dizziness B. cramps, vomiting, diarrhea, and fever C. dizziness, headache, fever, and chills D. diarrhea, abdominal pain, and headache 	20.	The government agency that inspects fish products is the A. FSIS B. EPA C. USDA D. NMFS
15.	Double vision, inability to swallow, and difficulty speaking are symptoms of A. <i>E. coli</i> poisoning B. toxicity C. botulism		No.

D. trichinosis